- (g) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.).
- (h) Executive Order 11063—Equal Opportunity and Housing, as amended by Executive Order 12259.
- (i) Executive Order 11246—Equal Employment Opportunity.
- (j) Executive Order 11625—Minority Business Enterprise.
- (k) Executive Orders 11988, Floodplain Management, and 11990, Protection of Wetlands.
- (1) Executive Order 12250—Leadership and Coordination of Non-Discrimination Laws.
- (m) Executive Order 12259—Leadership and Coordination of Fair Housing in Federal Programs.
- (n) Executive Order 12630—Governmental Actions and Interference with Constitutionally Protected Property Rights.

§24.9 Recordkeeping and reports.

- (a) Records. The Agency shall maintain adequate records of its acquisition and displacement activities in sufficient detail to demonstrate compliance with this part. These records shall be retained for at least 3 years after each owner of a property and each person displaced from the property receives the final payment to which he or she is entitled under this part, or in accordance with the applicable regulations of the Federal funding agency, whichever is later.
- (b) Confidentiality of records. Records maintained by an Agency in accordance with this part are confidential regarding their use as public information, unless applicable law provides otherwise.
- (c) Reports. The Agency shall submit a report of its real property acquisition and displacement activities under this part if required by the Federal agency funding the project. A report will not be required more frequently than every 3 years, or as the Uniform Act provides, unless the Federal funding agency shows good cause. The report shall be prepared and submitted in the format contained in appendix B of this part.

$\S 24.10$ Appeals.

(a) General. The Agency shall promptly review appeals in accordance with

the requirements of applicable law and this part.

- (b) Actions which may be appealed. Any aggrieved person may file a written appeal with the Agency in any case in which the person believes that the Agency has failed to properly consider the person's application for assistance under this part. Such assistance may include, but is not limited to, the person's eligibility for, or the amount of, a payment required under \$24.106 or \$24.107, or a relocation payment required under this part. The Agency shall consider a written appeal regardless of form.
- (c) Time limit for initiating appeal. The Agency may set a reasonable time limit for a person to file an appeal. The time limit shall not be less than 60 days after the person receives written notification of the Agency's determination on the person's claim.
- (d) Right to representation. A person has a right to be represented by legal counsel or other representative in connection with his or her appeal, but solely at the person's own expense.
- (e) Review of files by person making appeal. The Agency shall permit a person to inspect and copy all materials pertinent to his or her appeal, except materials which are classified as confidential by the Agency. The Agency may, however, impose reasonable conditions on the person's right to inspect, consistent with applicable laws.
- (f) Scope of review of appeal. In deciding an appeal, the Agency shall consider all pertinent justification and other material submitted by the person, and all other available information that is needed to ensure a fair and full review of the appeal.
- (g) Determination and notification after appeal. Promptly after receipt of all information submitted by a person in support of an appeal, the Agency shall make a written determination on the appeal, including an explanation of the basis on which the decision was made, and furnish the person a copy. If the full relief requested is not granted, the Agency shall advise the person of his or her right to seek judicial review.
- (h) Agency official to review appeal. The Agency official conducting the review of the appeal shall be either the

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head of the Agency or his or her authorized designee. However, the official shall not have been directly involved in the action appealed.

Subpart B—Real Property Acquisition

§ 24.101 Applicability of acquisition requirements.

- (a) General. The requirements of this subpart apply to any acquisition of real property for a Federal program or project, and to programs and projects where there is Federal financial assistance in any part of project costs except for:
- (1) Voluntary transactions that meet all of the following conditions:
- (i) No specific site or property needs to be acquired, although the Agency may limit its search for alternative sites to a general geographic area. Where an Agency wishes to purchase more than one site within a geographic area on this basis, all owners are to be treated similarly.
- (ii) The property to be acquired is not part of an intended, planned, or designated project area where all or substantially all of the property within the area is to be acquired within specific time limits.
- (iii) The Agency will not acquire the property in the event negotiations fail to result in an amicable agreement, and the owner is so informed in writing.
- (iv) The Agency will inform the owner of what it believes to be the fair market value of the property.
- (2) Acquisitions for programs or projects undertaken by an Agency or person that receives Federal financial assistance but does not have authority to acquire property by eminent domain, provided that such Agency or person shall:
- (i) Prior to making an offer for the property, clearly advise the owner that it is unable to acquire the property in the event negotiations fail to result in an amicable agreement; and
- (ii) Inform the owner of what it believes to be fair market value of the property.
- (3) The acquisition of real property from a Federal agency, State, or State agency, if the Agency desiring to make

the purchase does not have authority to acquire the property through condemnation.

- (4) The acquisition of real property by a cooperative from a person who, as a condition of membership in the cooperative, has agreed to provide without charge any real property that is needed by the cooperative.
- (5) Acquisition for a program or project which is undertaken by, or receives Federal financial assistance from, the Tennessee Valley Authority or the Rural Electrification Administration
- (b) Less-than-full-fee interest in real property. In addition to fee simple title, the provisions of this subpart apply when acquiring fee title subject to retention of a life estate or a life use; to acquisition by leasing where the lease term, including option(s) for extension, is 50 years or more; and to the acquisition of permanent easements. (See appendix A of this part, §24.101(b).)
- (c) Federally-assisted projects. For projects receiving Federal financial assistance, the provisions of §§ 24.102, 24.103, 24.104, and 24.105 apply to the greatest extent practicable under State law. (See § 24.4(a).)

 $[54\ FR\ 8928,\ Mar.\ 2,\ 1989;\ 54\ FR\ 24712,\ June\ 9,\ 1989;\ 58\ FR\ 26072,\ Apr.\ 30,\ 1993]$

§ 24.102 Basic acquisition policies.

- (a) Expeditious acquisition. The Agency shall make every reasonable effort to acquire the real property expeditiously by negotiation.
- (b) Notice to owner. As soon as feasible, the owner shall be notified of the Agency's interest in acquiring the real property and the basic protections, including the agency's obligation to secure an appraisal, provided to the owner by law and this part. (See also §24.203.)
- (c) Appraisal, waiver thereof, and invitation to owner. (1) Before the initiation of negotiations the real property to be acquired shall be appraised, except as provided in §24.102(c)(2), and the owner, or the owner's designated representative, shall be given an opportunity to accompany the appraiser during the appraiser's inspection of the property.
- (2) An appraisal is not required if the owner is donating the property and releases the Agency from this obligation,